

Isle of Wight Council

Newport Harbour

Annual Report and Accounts

31 March 2021

(pre-assurance review)



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1. Background Information

Relevant legislation:

The Harbours Act 1964

The Transport Act 1981

The Statutory Harbour Undertakings (Accounts etc) Regulations 1983

Newport (Isle of Wight) Harbour Act and Orders 1852 to 1988

The Harbour, Docks and Piers Clauses Act 1847

River Medina Navigation Act 1852

Local Government Act 1972

Responsible Members (The Harbour Committee) – 1st April 20 to 31st March 21

Cllr Ian Ward

Cllr Matthew Price

Cllr Shirley Smart

Cllr Stephen Hastings

Cllr Graham Perks-Started 16th Sept 20

Cllr Brian Tyndall-Started 23rd Sept 20

Cllr Julie Jones Evans-Started 28th Sept 20

Cllr Andrew Garratt-Left 16th Sept 20

Cllr Stuart Hutchinson-Left 23rd Sept 20

Cllr John Hobart-Left 23rd Sept 20

Isle of Wight Council

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Newport

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2. Report on Statutory Harbour Undertakings

The Council is the statutory harbour authority for Newport Harbour. Harbour legislation requires the Council to prepare an annual statement of accounts relating to the harbour activities and any associated activities for each harbour for which it is the statutory harbour authority. This report contains a summary of activities during the year and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 for Newport Harbour.

Principal activities:

The principal activities during the year continued to be the provision of anchorage, moorings, pontoons and associated harbour facilities as well as leases of harbour land and buildings.

3. Officers' report

Officers' report to the members responsible for the Newport Harbour activities of the Isle of Wight Council.

Section 42 of the Harbours Act 1964, as amended by paragraph 10 of Schedule 6 to the Transport Act 1981, specifies requirements as to accounts and reports relating to the activities of statutory harbour undertakings. It is the duty of every statutory harbour undertaker to prepare an annual statement of accounts relating to the harbour activities and to any associated activities carried out. This requirement cannot be satisfied by the preparation of a statement of accounts which relates to other activities in addition to harbour activities.

The accounts prepared under the Harbours Act 1964 shall be prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to the form and content of the accounts and reports, and shall be subject to an assurance review. It shall be the duty of any person by whom a statement of accounts is prepared to send to the Secretary of State for Transport a copy of the statement together with a copy of the assurance reviewer's report on it.

In the case of the harbour undertakings carried out by the Isle of Wight Council, all of the harbour undertakings are part of the council's service provision to residents, and there is no separate legal entity in place to which the provisions apply. On that basis, these accounts have been prepared for Newport Harbour activities in a style which is consistent with the reporting requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

However, the legislation does not prescribe the form of assurance review to be undertaken, and neither does the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (or the previously extant legislation, the Audit Commission Act 1998) which specifies the audit requirement for public bodies. Clarification was issued by the Audit Commission that, as the council's harbour accounts are below the threshold for the Companies Act, they are reviewed by the assurance reviewer on the basis of Agreed Upon Procedures. In this case, the Council's external auditor is required to confirm that the harbour accounts have been prepared on a reasonable basis, by confirming that the transactions recorded in the annual statement of accounts relating to harbour activities agree to the underlying records upon which they have been prepared and are consistent with the transactions recorded in the local authority financial statements for the same reporting period. They will also confirm that the accounts cast correctly.

It is considered that Newport Harbour activities as presented here in abbreviated form are consistent with the reporting requirements of the Companies Act 2006. We have acknowledged our responsibilities for ensuring that accounting records are kept which comply with Companies Act 2006, and for preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of Newport Harbour and of the profit or loss for the financial year.

Accordingly, we have prepared abbreviated financial statements which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes to the accounts from the accounting records of the council's Newport Harbour activities and on the basis of information and explanations that have been provided by operational staff and officers engaged in port and harbours activities.

The accounts summarise the transactions for the 2020/21 financial year and the financial position at the year-end of 31 March 2021. The authority is required to prepare the accounts in accordance with proper accounting practices. The accounting convention adopted is principally historical cost, modified by the revaluation of certain categories of non-current assets.

Alex Minns
Assistant Director of Neighbourhoods

4. Activity Report

Newport Harbour comprises the harbour from Newport town centre to the Folly (which is shown in the approved plan of the harbour waters), plus the Harbour Estate. The Council approved a plan, identifying assets considered as the current Newport Harbour Estate in a Cabinet report "Newport Harbour Estate" dated December 2011.

The Council, as Harbour Authority, owns the freehold interest in most of Newport Harbour - it owns the river bed element of the harbour, and most of the harbour estate. The harbour estate land and buildings are let to a number of parties as follows:

REF	PROPERTY	LEASE	RENT pa	COMMENTS
W11*	Foreshore for Jetty	Rolling from 01/01/1991	£100	No copy of lease available
W10*	Foreshore for pontoon	3 years from 09/07/2018	£400	
W9*	Foreshore	25 years from 30/09/2016	£1,750	
W8*	Foreshore for Jetty	20 years from 21/12/2000	£1,035.	
W7	Shed at Blackhouse Quay	3 year licence from 01/01/2018	£50	Licence for pre-existing shed
W6	Land at Blackhouse Quay	125 years from 12/10/1990	£25	
W5	Land at Blackhouse Quay	75 years from 25/03/1947	£150	
W4	Aggregates yard at Blackhouse Quay	3 years from 01/04/2019	£16,000	This is in keeping with the constraints of the 1847 Act
W3	Land at Blackhouse Quay	3 years from 27/08/2018	£5,000	This is in keeping with the constraints of the 1847 Act
W3A	Land at Blackhouse Quay	Agreement for lease	£750	
W2*	Land & river bed at Little London	40 years from 17/12/2004	£12,115	Or 7.5% of gross turnover whichever is the greater
W1	Land at Carpenters Quay	3 years from 05/11/2018	£7,360	This is in keeping with the constraints of the 1847 Act
E11*	Foreshore for jetty	3 years from 01/11/2018	£6,364	
E10*	Foreshore for jetty	3 years from 18/09/2019	£2,032	
E6*	Land at harbour north	125 years from 28/03/2001	£100	
E5	Vectis building	3 years from 31/08/2018	£0	Leased at zero charge
E4	Unit 10 Seaclose Quay	3 Years from 05/03/2018	£12,500	This is in keeping with the constraints of the 1847 Act
E3A	Land adjacent to the Belfast Shed	Vacant	£0	

E3	Belfast Shed	3 years from 09/07/2018	£2,000	This is in keeping with the constraints of the 1847 Act
E2	Unit 7 Seaclose Quay	3 Years from 01/11/2018	£13,000	This is in keeping with the constraints of the 1847 Act
E1*	Jubilee stores	125 years form 04/01/1998	£0	

Those leases within Newport Harbour that are for land or property designated not as Harbour estate are notated with an asterisk (*).

The ability of the Council as Harbour Authority to let harbour estate property assets is limited by the 1847 Harbours Docks and Piers Clauses Act, which limits the “disposal” of property to a maximum term of three years and which means that any lettings must be for harbour (and marine) related purposes. The marketing of various units within the harbour estate is consistently proving that these constraints are hindering the occupation of harbour estate land and buildings as the interest to date has been from harbour related users requiring more than three years occupation to make their investment viable, or from non-harbour uses prepared to take a three year term. These constraints are likely to limit investment into and regeneration of the harbour estate.

All three of the Council managed harbours (Newport, Ryde and Ventnor) are managed by a Senior Harbour master.

Harbour staff have undertaken regular inspections of pontoons, walkways and ladders and carried out remedial works as necessary.

Key statistical information for Newport Harbour and the Folly moorings for 2020 is as follows:-

- The tonnage of cargo (sand and ballast for construction) imported into Newport Harbour was 8,531 tonnes (2019 – 3,820 tonnes)
- The number of leisure vessels visiting Newport Harbour was 543 (2019 – 1,398)
- The number of winter dry berths at Newport was 0 as no longer available (2019 - 0)
- The number of summer moorings at Folly Reach was 132 (2019 - 123)

It should however be noted that statistical and activity information at Newport Harbour and Folly Moorings is compiled on a calendar year basis whereas the financial information is based on the financial year to 31 March 2021. Historically the activity information was compiled in this way to provide information to external bodies, and this practice has continued to allow annual comparisons.

Following an application to the Marine Management Organisation (MMO) for a new Harbour Revision Order (HRO) in April 2017 and the subsequent public consultation process a new HRO was issued by the MMO on 16 February 2021 which went live on 10 March 2021.

5. Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2020-21	2019-20
		£'000	£'000
Turnover	1	206	229
Operating expenses	2	(231)	(269)
Other expenses	3	(87)	(78)
Net Gain (Loss)		(112)	(118)

6. Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021

	Note	2020-21	2019-20
		£'000	£'000
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant & Equipment	4	2,120	2,170
Total non-current assets		2,120	2,170
Current assets			
Debtors falling due within one year	5	51	28
Total current assets		51	28
Total Assets		2,171	2,198
Current liabilities			
Creditors falling due within one year	6	(48)	(31)
Net assets		2,123	2,167
Capital and reserves			
Contribution (to)/from IWC in Year	7	115	115
Profit and loss account for year	8	(112)	(118)
Revaluation reserve	9	1,021	1,035
Capital adjustment account	10	1,099	1,135
Total capital & reserves		2,123	2,167

7. Notes to the accounts

1) Turnover

		2020-21	2019-20
		£'000	£'000
Moorings & Wharfage		121	139
Rental income		78	80
Car park income		0	2
Other Income		7	8
Total turnover		206	229

2) Operating expenses

		2020-21	2019-20
		£'000	£'000
Employee costs		82	86
Premises costs		30	46
Vehicle & transport costs		1	3
Supplies & services		64	79
Depreciation		54	55
Total operating expenses		231	269

3) Other expenses

		2020-21	2019-20
		£'000	£'000
Management and support services		87	78
Total other expenses		87	78

4 (a) Property, Plant & Equipment NBV

	Land & Buildings	Equipment & Motor Vehicles	Total
Cost	£'000	£'000	£'000
As at 1 April 2020	2,324	13	2,337
Additions	0	0	0
Revaluation	4	0	4
Reclassification	0	0	0
As at 31 March 2021	2,328	13	2,341
Depreciation & Impairment			
As at 1 April 2020	(154)	(13)	(167)
Charge for the year	(54)	0	(54)
Revaluation	0	0	0
Reclassification	0	0	0
As at 31 March 2021	(208)	(13)	(221)
Net book value as at 31 March 2021	2,120	0	2,120
Net book value as at 31 March 2020	2,170	0	2,170

Depreciation on land and buildings is calculated based on the estimated remaining useful lives of individual assets which is assessed by the Isle of Wight Council. The following ranges of remaining useful lives are used:

Property Land and Buildings: 2-100 years

Vehicles, Plant, Furniture and Equipment: 1-9 years

4 (b) Newport Harbour Capital Investment – Last seven years

Year	New Asset	Existing Asset	Total
	£000	£000	£000
2014-15	44	10	54
2015-16	69	22	91
2016-17	286	19	305
2017-18	263	0	263
2018-19	14	0	14
2019-20	0	0	0
2020-21	0	0	0
	676	51	727

Of the £727k total investment in the last seven years, £563k is for the cost of the Folly moorings infrastructure project, started in financial year 2016-17 and completed in 2017-18. Harbour income over the same seven year period was £1,534k.

5) Debtors

The debtor's figure is made up of mooring fees and rental income due of £58k, net of bad debt provision (£12k) and £5k other debtors.

6) Creditors

The creditor's figure is made up of mooring fees prepaid at 31.03.21 of £18k and overhead cost accrued of £30k.

7) Contribution (to)/ from Isle of Wight Council

This represents the amount by which the Isle of Wight Council supports the annual operating costs incurred during the normal trading activities of Newport Harbour.

8) Profit and Loss account

This is the accumulated profit or loss incurred during the normal operation and activities of the harbour in year.

9) Revaluation reserve

The Revaluation Reserve contains the gains made by the authority arising from increases in the value of its Property, Plant and Equipment. The balance is reduced when assets with accumulated gains are:

- Revalued downwards or impaired and the gains are lost;
- Used in the provision of services and the gains are consumed through depreciation; or

- Disposed of and the gains are realised.

10) Capital adjustment account

This account relates to the different arrangements for accounting for the use of long term assets and their related funding as part of Harbour operations.

The total value of long-term assets (note 4a) is matched by the sum of the revaluation reserve and the capital adjustment account.